

WWII Essay Topics

1. The history of creation of The Allies of WWII.
2. Zygmunt Berling and his contribution to the anti-Nazi movement in Poland.
3. Participation of the U.S. in the World War II: ambivalent motives.
4. The army of India during WWII: 2,5 million volunteers who fought for freedom.
5. The position and participation of Australia in World War II.
6. German occupation of Belgium during WWII: how the civilian life was organized.
7. The role of Polish military shock troops in the battles of WWII.
8. The reasons of Japan's joining the Axis in the World War II.
9. Creation and effectiveness of Korean Liberation Army. How the concept of Korean army changed after the end of World War II.
10. War Crimes during World War II, committed by governments of different countries.
11. The role of Belgian resistance groups in the course of the war within the country: the impact on nation's views and attitudes.
12. The Axis in WWII: Military involvement of different countries during the course of war.
13. Bretton Woods' system as a necessary measure of dealing with the destructive consequences of WWII.
14. Changes in the political and economic systems of Yugoslavia during World War II.
15. Ideological principles used by the Axis. The literature and philosophy used as a basis for their actions.
16. Norwegian Campaign: the brightest attempt for liberation during the World War II.
17. Hungarian position in WWII: collaboration with Germany and the attempt of making peace.
18. Social and economic conditions in Italy during the years of WWII.
19. Polish military forces in USSR: contribution to the course of the war.
20. The passive participation of Egypt in World War II: the land of the country used as a battle field.
21. 1943 Bengal famine: the tragic outcome of war of an unbelievable scale.
22. Hitler and Mussolini's debates over Austrian Nazis: the interests of each party.
23. The Nazis extermination camps: organization, activity, importance.
24. USSR leaders' intention to join the Axis. Why it did not happen: a research into the details.
25. Molotov-Ribbentrop pact and its significance for the course of the war.
26. The political and economic changes introduced by Reichskommissariat Ukraine.
27. The controversial position of Thailand during WWII: ambivalent values and interests of the country's government.
28. List the countries that maintained a total neutrality during the war. Is it ethically approvable for you to stay out of a conflict of the world's scale?
29. Resistance movement in Denmark during World War II: subtle work on political agenda spreading.
30. Joseph Stalin's changing position regarding the Nazis during WWII.
31. The idea of Latin Block creation in Spain during WWII.
32. Division of the territory of France during World War II.
33. The reasons of Pearl Harbor attack and its impact on the course of WWII course.
34. How the modern world would look like, if the Axis gaining victory in World War II.
35. Leaders of the Axis: personal qualities as a key factor in forming the history of humanity.
36. The concept of Blitzkrieg, its participants and philosophy.
37. Operation "Barbarossa": How it was organized.
38. World War II in Islamic world.
39. How WWII impacted the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
40. Social and economic changes in the British Empire during WWII.
41. Shifts in the U.S. social moods during the period of Great Depression and WWII.
42. Forced participation of Chinese laborers in the World War II.
43. Soviet Partisan movement: subtle fight behind the battle field.
44. Red Army strategies and military innovations.
45. Biological weapon developed in Japan during World War II.
46. Economic situation of the opposing parties at World War II.
47. Ambitions of Hitler: The goals Fuhrer aimed at.
48. The phenomenon of Holocaust during the WWII: geography, scope, numbers.
49. European Settlement: aftermath of the World War II.
50. Myths and stereotypes about Nazis army.
51. Shocking stories of the Red Army's interaction with civilian Germans.
52. Lithuanian Revolution of 1940: political reforms during the war.
53. The impact of WWII on the environment of the Earth.
54. The Baltic states in World War II.

55. Battle of the Bulge: A detailed analysis of the military episode.
56. Europe as a field for Hitler and Stalin's competition.
57. Opposition of the USSR and Finland in 1940. The Finnish resolution.
58. Hirota foreign policy and its significance in the conditions of World War II.
59. Jewish children: destinies of the Holocaust. Analysis of the documented cases.
60. Personalities of the generals appointed by Stalin.
61. The power of the Third Reich during the World War II.
62. War design: how the WWII was planned by Hitler.
63. 1941 Campaign: a turning point in the course of war for USSR.
64. The fall of Berlin: reasons, participants, aftermath.
65. The closest circle of Hitler: a view on his plans from within.
66. Nazi massacre in Rome: human factor in the global tragedy.
67. Pacific War in the conditions of World War II. Political rearrangements of the participating countries.
68. Volunteer armies in World War II: the motivation of civilians to achieve fairness.
69. Information encoding in secret messaging during the World War II.
70. Mussolini's position and motives in World War II.
71. Comparison of economic and political powers in Europe before World War II and after the end of the war.